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The Swedish Archaeological Society



Contents

Editors' Preface5
* * *
Ingela Bergman: Roasting Pits as Social Space. The Organisation of Outdoor Activities on an Early Mesolithic Settlement Site in Northern Sweden
Mats Burström: Looking into the Recent Past. Extending and Exploring the Field of Archaeology
Per Cornell, Ulf Borelius, Dan Kresa & Thomas Backlund: Kossinna, the Nordische Gedanke, and Swedish Archaeology. Discourse and politics in German and Swedish archaeology 1900-1950
Lotta Fernstål: A Bit Arabic. Pseudo-Arabic Inscriptions on Viking Age Weights in Sweden and Expressions of Self-image
Kim von Hackwitz: Changing scenery. Historicity in the Area of Lake Hjälmaren, Sweden, c.2800-2300 BC
Randi Haaland: Say it in Iron. Symbols of Transformation and Reproduction in the European Iron Age
Åsa M Larsson: Taking out the Trash. On Excavating Settlements in General, and Houses of the Battle Axe Culture in Particular113
Fredrik Molin & Roger Wikell: Microblade Technology in Quartz during the Mesolithic in Eastern Middle Sweden
Liv Nilsson Stutz: Archaeology, Identity, and the Right to Culture. Anthropological perspectives on repatriation
* * *
Key Map174

The Swedish Archaeological Society

In 1947 some well-known archaeologists proposed the formation of a Swedish archaeological society because Sweden lacked a scientific organisation in the archaeological field, in contrast to the situation in other comparable countries. An archaeological society could bridge the gaps between the research branches. Only archaeologists well known for very important scientific results would be members of the proposed society. The society was named the Swedish Archaeological Society. A statutory meeting took place 5th May 1947 in the National Museum of History. Professor Bernhard Karlgren was elected the first Chairman of the Society.

The Society is the common body for all professional Swedish archaeologists, regardless of specialty. According to the revised statutes the purpose of the Society is to further Swedish archaeological research and to support archaeological research by granting scholarships. The Society shall especially take care of the vocational interest of the archaeologists. This task shall be carried out by taking part in the public debate, by influencing the public opinion and by being a body to which proposed measures are submitted for consideration.

Of additional importance is that the Society shall follow and inform about the development within primarily Swedish archaeology. In the beginning of the Society qualified scientific lectures were arranged. Annual meetings were combined with excursions to well-known ancient monuments. Currently the Society arranges discussions and seminars on different archaeological topics of interest to archaeologists. Every second year the Society holds a thematic meeting for Swedish archaeologists.

Support from various funds enabled the Society to issue an archaeological bibliography, *Swedish Archaeological Bibliography*, which comprises 1939-1948, 1949-1952, 1953-1957, 1960-1965, 1966-1970, 1970-1975. It was followed by *Swedish Archaeology*, issued 1976-1980 and 1981-1985. In 2001 the Society issued *Swedish Archaeological Bibliography 1882-1938*. In 1981 *Gjallarhornet* began to be issued – the newsletter of the Society and in 1993 the annual journal *Current Swedish Archaeology*. The journal has since then contained articles mirroring the current archaeological research and theoretical trends. The journal is an important part of the Society's work.

Over the years various funds have been created through, among other things, donations. The Rosa Tengborg scholarship fund - later Rosa and Valter Tengborg's scholarship fund - has its origin in a donation in 1976. In 2002 the Society decided to create a Swedish Archaeological Society's memorial fund to be administered by the Society based on the money remaining in other existing funds.

Editors' Preface

At last; the 2007-08 double issue of Current Swedish Archaeology. After several thematic volumes, we again open up the journal for current Swedish archaeology in a broader sense. The importance of peer-reviewed journals is growing and we are very happy to inform our readers and future contributors that CSA's now has been initially indexed in the European Reference Index for the Humanities, prepared by European Science Foundation. For more details see: www.esf.org/erih

Until 2007 CSA has received yearly financial support from the Swedish Research Council. From 2008 new rules are set. For example, the new policy states that a publishing company should publish the journal. This, as well as a digital access, is some of the task for the editorial board during 2009. We expect that this will affect the journal in a positive direction.

The current issue is diverse and gives a good hint of the wideness of current Swedish archaeology, theoretically as well as empirically. We wish you a pleasant and interesting reading. Finally, we want thank readers and contributors for coping with the delayed publishing process, and hope that the contents will repay you.

Åsa Gillberg & Björn Nilsson